1.0 Scope
This document contains specific electrical, mechanical, and environmental requirements and specifications for THQ4 series Tantalum case Hybrid® Capacitors. These specifications are subject to change without notice.

2.0 Construction
2.1 General
The capacitor shall utilize sintered tantalum anodes and ruthenium oxide coated cathodes operating in aqueous electrolyte. The components shall be hermetically sealed in a welded tantalum case with a glass-to-metal anode terminal seal.

2.2 Package
The configuration and dimensions shall be as per Figure 1.

2.3 Mass
10-50 volt parts: 100 ±3g; 63-125V volt parts: 125 ±3 g.

2.4 Hermetic Seal
The capacitor shall be hermetically sealed such that the case does not leak electrolyte or vent any gas when exposed to a vacuum, per MIL-STD-202, Method 112, Condition C, Procedure IIIa.

2.5 Part Markings
The capacitor shall be permanently and legibly labeled on the circumference of the case with the following information. The markings shall be resistant to solvents per MIL-STD-202, Method 215J.

i. Manufacturer’s name and cage code
ii. Manufacturer’s part identification number
iii. Capacitance
iv. Working voltage
v. Date/lot code
vi. Polarity

2.6 Solderability
The terminations shall be solderable per ANSI J-STD-002.

2.7 Resistance to Soldering Heat
The capacitor must withstand solder dipping of the terminals at 260°C for 10 seconds per MIL-STD-202, Method 210, Condition B. The capacitor must not be visibly damaged and the electrical characteristics must not be affected.

2.8 Terminal Strength
The capacitor terminals must withstand a 5-pound pull test for 30 seconds per Mil-Std-202, Method 211, Condition A. The capacitor must not be visibly damaged and the electrical characteristics must not be affected.
2.9 **Fungus Resistance**
The capacitor materials shall not support fungus growth and shall not be a nutrient to fungus.

3.0 **Environmental Requirements**

3.1 **Operating Temperature**
-55°C to +85°C or 125°C with voltage derating (see Table 2).

3.2 **Storage Temperature**
-62°C to +130°C

3.3 **Environmental Testing**
The capacitor shall be designed to withstand environmental testing in accordance with Table 1. During testing the capacitor case shall be rigidly clamped to the test fixture with the leads upright. The capacitor must not be visibly damaged and the electrical characteristics must remain within specification.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TEST</th>
<th>TEST METHOD</th>
<th>CONDITION</th>
<th>REMARKS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 SHOCK</td>
<td>MIL-STD-202 METHOD 213</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>11 mS, 50g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 VIBRATION</td>
<td>MIL-STD-202 METHOD 204</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>12 Sweeps/Axis, 20g peak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 VIBRATION</td>
<td>MIL-STD-202 METHOD 214</td>
<td>I, Letter D</td>
<td>1.5 Hours/Axis, 12g rms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 MOISTURE RESIS.</td>
<td>MIL-STD-202 METHOD 106</td>
<td></td>
<td>6 V Polarity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 THERMAL SHOCK</td>
<td>MIL-STD-202 METHOD 107</td>
<td>A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 ALTITUDE</td>
<td>MIL-STD-202 METHOD 105</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>100 000 ft test</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.0 **Electrical Requirements**

4.1 **Capacitance**
The capacitance is specified in Table 2 at 120 Hz and 25°C, ± 20%.

4.2 **Working Voltage**
The working voltage rating is from 0 to V as specified in Table 2.

4.3 **Surge Voltage**
The test shall be 1000 cycles at 110% of rated voltage at 85°C. Each cycle shall consist of a 30 second surge voltage application followed by a 330 second discharge period. The part shall be charged and discharged through a 1000 ohm resistor. The capacitor must not be visibly damaged and the electrical characteristics must remain within specification.

4.4 **Equivalent Series Resistance**
The maximum equivalent series resistance (ESR) is specified in Table 2 at 1 kHz and 25°C.

4.5 **DC Leakage Current**
The maximum DC leakage current is specified in Table 2 following 5 minutes at working voltage and 25°C.
Table 2. Electrical Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>85°C V (VDC)</th>
<th>Capacitance</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>125°C V (VDC)</th>
<th>DCL (max)</th>
<th>ESR (max)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 V</td>
<td>200,000 µF</td>
<td>THQ4010204</td>
<td>6 V</td>
<td>300 µA</td>
<td>0.025 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 V</td>
<td>120,000 µF</td>
<td>THQ4016124</td>
<td>9.5 V</td>
<td>300 µA</td>
<td>0.025 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 V</td>
<td>70,000 µF</td>
<td>THQ4025703</td>
<td>15 V</td>
<td>300 µA</td>
<td>0.025 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 V</td>
<td>50,000 µF</td>
<td>THQ4035503</td>
<td>21 V</td>
<td>300 µA</td>
<td>0.025 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 V</td>
<td>30,000 µF</td>
<td>THQ4050303</td>
<td>30 V</td>
<td>400 µA</td>
<td>0.025 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63 V</td>
<td>16,000 µF</td>
<td>THQ4063163</td>
<td>37.5 V</td>
<td>400 µA</td>
<td>0.035 Ω</td>
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<tr>
<td>80 V</td>
<td>11,000 µF</td>
<td>THQ4080113</td>
<td>48 V</td>
<td>500 µA</td>
<td>0.035 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 V</td>
<td>7,500 µF</td>
<td>THQ4100752</td>
<td>60 V</td>
<td>500 µA</td>
<td>0.035 Ω</td>
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<tr>
<td>125 V</td>
<td>4,500 µF</td>
<td>THQ4125452</td>
<td>75 V</td>
<td>500 µA</td>
<td>0.050 Ω</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 1. Part Sketch.